GSHPA Teaching Scheme of Work Key Stage2 Year 5 **GROUND SOURCE HEAT PUMP ASSOCIATION**

The National Ground Source Heat Pump Association has compiled a Scheme of Work for Schools entitled

'Our Earth -Use It; Don't Abuse It.'

It is aimed at teaching pupils about the importance of using the earth as a renewable energy source - and not abusing it using non-renewable energy sources.

The collective schemes are aimed at school age pupils in Key Stages 1,2,3 and 4.

The rationale for selecting Year 5 was to avoid disruption due to SATS in Year 6 in the areas of the UK where SATS are still in place.

This is a 6 Lesson Programme of Work which can easily be expanded into other subject areas.

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This Scheme of Work focuses on the following aspects of the English National Curriculum Guidance. It can be adapted to the Welsh and Scottish Curriculum Guidance.

Science 3

Materials, their Properties & The Earth. Scientific and Technological Development in Everyday Life Reversible and Irreversible Changes Benefits and Drawbacks of the Use of Fossil Fuels Earth is a source of limited resources Formation and Use of rocks in Renewable Energy

Geography The change in climate How human & physical processes interact to influence and change landscapes Environments and the Climate How human activity relies on effective functioning of natural systems The distribution of natural resources How environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things

Citizenship

The ways in which citizens work together to improve their communities. The different ways in which a citizen can contribute to the improvement of his or her community.

It is not exhaustive and there are many more cross curricular links involved.

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- **GSHPA** Each session can be taught within the geography or science national curriculum.
- **GSHPA**: This is a 6 lesson Programme of Study (POS) which, on average, is a half-term.
- **GSHPA** Expected Learning Outcomes this is what you want the children to develop understanding of within the lesson.
- **GSHPA** Method / Activity this is how the teacher will divide the lesson time of an hour.
- **GSHPA** Suggested Resources these are resources suggested to the teacher that will allow him/her to deliver the lesson. These are suggestions and staff may decide they have something more suitable for them. Follow links and some are within the attachments.
- **GSHPA**≅ Differentiation the main activity is the 'core' lesson aimed at the majority of the pupils in the group. The 'support' suggestions are for the less able pupils and the 'extension' suggestions are for the more able once they have completed the core activities.
- **GSHPA**: Assessment Opportunities teachers may choose to do a 'teacher assessment' on the levels the individual pupils are working within based on the area mentioned from within the lesson. They may also elect for pupils to carry out a self-assessment.
- GSHPA≅ National Curriculum Level Descriptors these are what levels the pupils are aiming to be working within at Key Stage 2 / Year 5. This Scheme of Work is aimed at Levels 3 5.
 As guidance for your
 - As guidance for you:
 - Level 2 is the average level for when pupils leave Year 2, or infants.
 - Level 4 is the average level for when pupils leave Year 6, or juniors.
- (Key Stage 1 ages 3 7 years) (Key Stage 2 – ages 7 – 11 years)
- **GSHPA** Homework Opportunities these are ideas and suggestions for homework activities to extend the lesson.
- **GSHPA** Key Words / Phrases these are subject specific to the lesson and ones which are often unique to the topic.
- **GSHPA** Cross Curricular these are other national curriculum subjects that are inclusive within the lesson but not required to be recorded as this is a science / geography POS.

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Natural Resources, Renewable and Non-Renewable Energy, Sustainability

- Week/Lesson 1 What is Energy Used For?
- Week/Lesson 2 Where Does Energy Come From?
- Week/Lesson 3 Introduction to Carbon Footprint.
- Week/Lesson 4 Introduction to Air Quality, Climate Change and Global Warming.

Week/Lesson 5 What are Green Technologies?

Week/Lesson 6 Are Renewable Energies one of the Solutions to Climate Change and Global Warming?

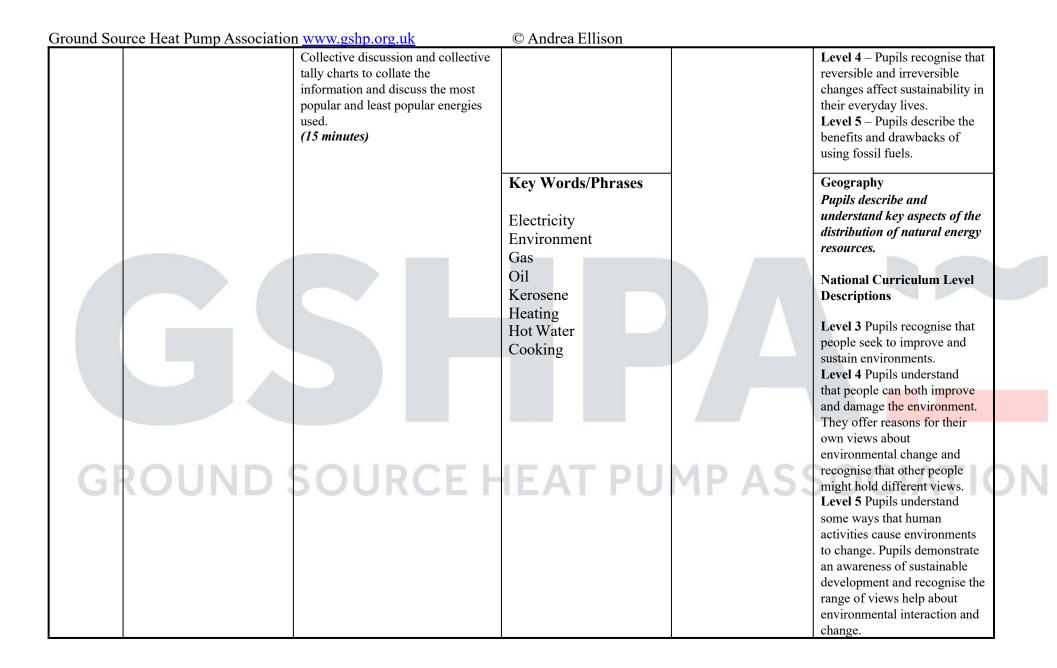
Extension: Visit a renewable energy venue such as: Centre for Alternative Technology, Machynlleth, <u>https://www.cat.org.uk</u> The National Self Build and Renovation Centre, Swindon <u>https://www.nsbrc.co.uk</u> The Crystal, London <u>https://www.thecrystal.org/exhibition/educational</u>

Song Ongoing: Build a Classroom Display for use in Week / Lesson 6

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Week/Lesson 1 What is Energy Used for?

	Expected Learning	Method/activity	Suggested Resources	Differentiation	Assessment
	Outcome	Assume 1 hour per lesson	See Week 1 Attachment	Throughout this module teacher encouragement	Opportunities
	To develop understanding of:			for pupils to make	
				increasingly independent	
				contributions.	
Week/		Teacher to show	https://www.tes.com/teaching-	<i>Core</i> As in method/activity.	
Lesson	What we use energy for with	https://www.tes.com/teaching-	resource/teachers-tv-things-that-	As in method/activity.	Can the pupils explain
1	focus on electricity.	resource/teachers-tv-things-that-	use-electricity-6084847	Support	how and why they use
	The twee of energy and	use-electricity-6084847 and ask pupils to record as many items that	Doodly Video attached in Week 1	Use	energy?
	The types of energy we use.	use electricity as possible. Did they	called Energy	https://www.childrensuni	
		notice any other types of energy	https://www.childrensuniversity.	versity.manchester.ac.uk/l earning-	Can the pupils record the
		being used? Can they think of any	manchester.ac.uk/learning-	activities/science/energy-	
		that may have been being used but	activities/science/energy-and-the-	and-the-	information they have
		they did not see?	environment/what-is-energy/	environment/what-is-	found?
		Example gas for cooking or heating		energy/ matching quiz.	
		or oil for heating? (They may also		Extension	
		record batteries as power.) Could		Write a paragraph	
		show Doodly short video too.		explaining why energy is	
		(15 minutes)		important and what they	
		Teacher led discussion about how		think it would be like without it.	
		pupils use energy around the home. Extend beyond electricity. Children		without it.	
CI		to list as many ways as they can of	LEAT DH	ND ACC	COCIATIO
G	KOUND 3	how they have used energy in home	Homework	Cross Curricular	Science
		and school so far today.	Opportunities	English	Pupils describe and
		Extend to how many ways others	Pupils could:	Maths 4 - Statistics Key Skills	understand key aspects of sustainability and the use of
		have, or will have, used energy for	Pupils to list the types of energy	Citizenship	fossil fuels.
		them before the end of the day –	they use and put them in order	PSE	<i>J0330 Jucis</i> .
		e.g. kitchen and cleaning staff in	of what they consider to be the most to least important.	Developing Thinking	National Curriculum Level
		school, parents / guardians at home.	most to least important.	Developing	Descriptions
		Extend the list to include a column	Or find out how electricity is	Communication	Priorio
		for what type of energy is used for	made	Developing ICT	Level 3 – Pupils recognise and
		activities such as cleaning, cooking,	https://www.childrensuniversity	Developing Number	explain the purpose of a
		heat the home / school etc. Should	<u>.manchester.ac.uk/learning-</u> activities/science/energy-and-		variety of scientific and
		include as many renewable and	the-environment/how-do-we-		technological developments in
		non-renewable energies as possible.	make-electricity/		everyday lives.
		(30 minutes)			



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Week / Lesson 2 Where Does Energy Come From?

Expected Learnin Outcome <i>To develop understandin</i>	g of:	Suggested Resources See Week 2 Attachment	Differentiation Throughout this module teacher encouragement for pupils to make increasingly independent contributions.	Assessment Opportunities	
Week / Lesson 2 Where the types of ener use come from. The differences be renewable and renewable energy.	 Build an a state of the state of th	Prompt Cards in Week 2 Folder https://www.youtube.com/w atch?v=NsQiVIPy6CA https://www.childrensuniver sity.manchester.ac.uk/learni ng-activities/science/energy- and-the- environment/renewable-and- non-renewable https://www.youtube.com/w atch?v=6 adfcO8clo Word Search in Week 2 folder Worksheet templates if required.	Core As in method/activity. Support Provide assistance when recording thoughts. Extension Pupils to find out where coal and oil comes from – introducing geology. https://www.youtube.c om/watch?v=JasIvS7o Yw4 (12m 12s) https://www.youtube.c om/watch?v=iubWN1c nwIs (2m 47s)	Can the pupils explain the differences between renewable and non- renewable energy sources? Science Pupils describe and understand key aspects of sustainability and the use of fossil fuels. National Curriculum Level Descriptions Level 3 – Pupils recognise and explain the purpose of a variety of scientific and technological developments in everyday lives. Level 4 – Pupils recognise that reversible and irreversible changes affect sustainability in their everyday lives. Level 5 – Pupils describe the benefits and drawbacks of using fossil fuels. Pupils describe processes and phenomena relating to the properties of rocks and sediment in the earth.	DN

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Ground Source Heat Pump Association	Pupils to watch <u>https://www.youtube.com/wa</u> <u>tch?v=NsQiVIPy6CA</u> (11 minutes, 6 seconds) to find out about how electricity is made using various resources. Teacher to pause throughout and ask pupils to record what is mentioned as being used to generate the electricity and whether they think it is renewable or non-renewable. Note with the pupils how	Homework Opportunities <i>Pupils could:</i> Record how electricity is made is there home and whether it is renewable or non- renewable. Complete Word Search in Week 2 Folder	Cross Curricular English Science Maths 1 -Using & Applying Maths 4 - Statistics Key Skills Citizenship PSE Developing Thinking Developing Communication Developing ICT Developing Number	Geography Pupils describe and understand key aspects of the distribution of natural energy resources. National Curriculum Level Descriptions Level 3 Pupils recognise that people seek to improve and sustain environments. Level 4 Pupils understand that people can both improve and damage the environment. They offer reasons for their own views about	
GROUND	Note with the pupils how much time is given to non- renewable fossil fuels and how little is given non- renewable. Disproportionate but it reflects how our electricity is currently made. <i>(20 minutes)</i> Teacher led whole class plenary using interactive quiz https://www.childrensuniversi ty.manchester.ac.uk/learning- activities/science/energy-and- the-environment/renewable- and-non-renewable which verifies which sources of energy are renewable and non-renewable or do quiz https://www.youtube.com/wa tch?v=6_adfcO8clo <i>(15 minutes)</i>	Key Words/Phrases Coal Electricity Environment Gas Heat Pump Non-Renewable Oil Renewable Solar Tidal Turbine Wind		own views about environmental change and recognise that other people might hold different views. Level 5 Pupils understand some ways that human activities cause environments to change. Pupils demonstrate an awareness of sustainable development and recognise the range of views help about environmental interaction and change.	10

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Week / Lesson 3 Introduction to Carbon Footprint

	Expected Learning Outcome To develop understanding of:	Method/activity Assume 1 hour per lesson	Suggested Resources See Week 3 Attachment	Differentiation Throughout this module teacher encouragement for pupils to make increasingly independent contributions.	Assessment Opportunities	
Week/ Lesson 3	The meaning of Carbon Footprint. The amount of CO2 released into the atmosphere because of your own energy needs is called your "carbon footprint". How to Reduce their Carbon Footprint.	Recap last lesson focusing on renewable and non-renewable forms of energy and introduce Carbon Footprints using <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v</u> = <u>Rq7_aV8eLUE (2 minutes)</u> Re-watch and pause where there can be discussion about the areas that their own carbon footprints could be reduced. Examples are: Can pupils walk or cycle instead of using the car or bus? Could they grow food at home rather than going to the supermarket and buying food from abroad? (<i>15minutes</i>) Issue large and smaller footprints. Pupils to consider and record their own current carbon footprints using 3 items from each heading within <u>https://www.smead.com/hot- topics/reducing-your-carbon- footprint-1846.asp</u>	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= 8q7_aV8eLUE https://www.smead.com/hot- topics/reducing-your-carbon- footprint-1846.asp https://www.twinkl.co.uk/teaching- wiki/carbon-footprint Matching Pairs in Week 3 attachment. Online calculator: https://www.carbonfootprint.co m/calculator.aspx https://www.gokid.mobi/car bon-footprint-for-kids-some- facts-a-quiz-and-also-a- worksheet Choose from variety of online footprint templates.	Core As in method/activity. Support Playing Matching Pairs Card Game where pupils place the cards on the relevant footprint pile. Extension Calculate carbon footprint https://www.carbonfoot print.com/calculator.as px or find out more about carbon footprints at https://www.gokid.mob i/carbon-footprint-for- kids-some-facts-a-quiz- and-also-a-worksheet	Can the pupils show understanding of what Carbon Footprint Means? Geography Pupils describe and understand key aspects of the distribution of natural energy resources. National Curriculum Level Descriptions Level 3 Pupils recognise that people seek to improve and sustain environments. Level 4 Pupils understand that people can both improve and damage the environment. They offer reasons for their own views about environmental change and	

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	On the larger foot template note what they do now, e.g. use the car to get to school, and on the smaller	Homework Opportunities	Cross Curricular English Science	recognise that other people might hold different views. Level 5 Pupils understand
	templates note what they can do to reduce their footprint, e.g. walk to school. USE FOR DISPLAY (25 minutes) Teacher led whole class plenary listing 4 ways pupils found they could reduce their carbon footprints. Briefly explain that food miles are ones which could be reduced if we grew our own food in UK or in their	Pupils could: Examine the packaging of 5 -10 items of fruit or vegetables items in their homes or in the supermarket and record the countries they have travelled from.	Maths 1 -Using & Applying Maths 4 - Statistics Key Skills Citizenship PSE Developing Thinking Developing Communication Developing ICT Developing Number	some ways that human activities cause environments to change. Pupils demonstrate an awareness of sustainable development and recognise the range of views help about environmental interaction and change. Science Pupils describe and understand key aspects of
	own homes. Introduce homework. (15 minutes)	Key Words/Phrases Coal Electricity Environment		sustainability and the use of fossil fuels. National Curriculum Level Descriptions Level 3 – Pupils recognise and explain the purpose of a
		Food Miles Gas Non-Renewable Oil Renewable Solar		variety of scientific and technological developments in everyday lives. Level 4 – Pupils recognise that reversible and irreversible changes affect sustainability in
GROUND	SOURCE F	Tidal Turbine Wind	MP ASS	their everyday lives. Level 5 – Pupils describe the benefits and drawbacks of using fossil fuels.

<u>Medium Term Plan</u>

Week / Lesson 4 Introduction to Air Quality, Climate Change and Global Warming.

	Expected Learning Outcome To develop understanding of:	Method/activity Assume I hour per lesson	Suggested Resources See Week 4 Attachment	Differentiation Throughout this module teacher encouragement for pupils to make increasingly independent contributions.	Assessment Opportunities	
4 H	What Air Quality means and how we can improve it. What Climate Change means and how we can control it. What Global warming means and how we can control it.	Teacher to use a board tally chart to discuss and record the countries the pupils found the fruit and vegetables were coming from in their homework exercise. Ask pupils how they think it gets to the local shops and then to their homes. Ask pupils what they think that delivering it from great distances via road, ship and aeroplanes would do to the air quality / atmosphere of the world? Ensure that pollution, air quality and atmosphere are introduced here. Pupils to volunteer other ways they think the air quality could be damaged. Pupils to write one sentence 'How I think air pollution affects humans.' Pupils to write one sentence 'How I think air pollution affects the planet.' <i>(15-20 minutes)</i> Watch <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sA</u> <u>Kyhfxxr7s</u> (4m 57s) and pupils to record each type of pollution and how the animators have suggested we can make improvements – e.g. lots of traffic is replaced by a cyclist. At the end he suggests we move our factories to remote areas. Pose the question of whether the pupils think that is sensible? Wouldn't the problem still be in the atmosphere?	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= <u>sAKyhfxxr7s</u> https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= <u>v8unGCTWUWI</u> White boards and pens Prompt cards in week 4 folder Homework and Pens Homework Opportunities How do cows and / or aerosols contribute to global warming?	<i>Core</i> As in method/activity. <i>Support</i> Help with writing their ideas in sentences quickly in introduction. Encourage pupils to volunteer their responses <i>Extension</i> How do cows and aerosols contribute to global warming?	Can the pupils explain how we can improve air quality? Take the quiz https://study.com/academ y/lesson/air-pollution- lesson-for-kids- definition- facts.html#lesson Can pupils explain how air quality contributes to climate change and global warming?	

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GROUND	Ask pupils how they think poor air quality could affect our climate. Watch https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v8u mGCTWUWI (2m 57s) Ask pupils how they think our climate is changing. Can pupils offer explanations about what they think global warming is? Ask pupils why the earth has changed so much in the last 200 years. (Overuse of fossil fuels) Watch https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v8u mGCTWUWI again and pause at relevant places to discuss examples of climate change and how global warming is happening and it's effects. (30 minutes) Pupils to record on whiteboards what fuel/s they think would improve air quality, slow down climate change and slow down global warming. Hold up whiteboards so teacher can see the results to use in next lesson. (10 minutes)	Key Words & Phrases Air Quality Atmosphere Climate Change Fossil Fuels Global Warming Greenhouse Gases Pollution	MPASS	Geography Pupils describe and understand key aspects of the distribution of natural energy resources. National Curriculum Level Descriptions Level 3 Pupils recognise that people seek to improve and sustain environments. Level 4 Pupils understand that people can both improve and damage the environment. They offer reasons for their own views about environmental change and recognise that other people might hold different views. Level 5 Pupils understand some ways that human activities cause environments to change. Pupils demonstrate an awareness of sustainable development and recognise the range of views help about environmental interaction and change. Science Pupils describe and understand key aspects of sustainability and the use of fossil fuels. National Curriculum Level Descriptions Level 3 – Pupils recognise and explain the purpose of a variety of scientific and technological developments in everyday lives. Level 4 – Pupils recognise that reversible and irreversible changes affect sustainability in their everyday lives. Level 5 – Pupils describe the benefits and drawbacks of using fossil fuels.

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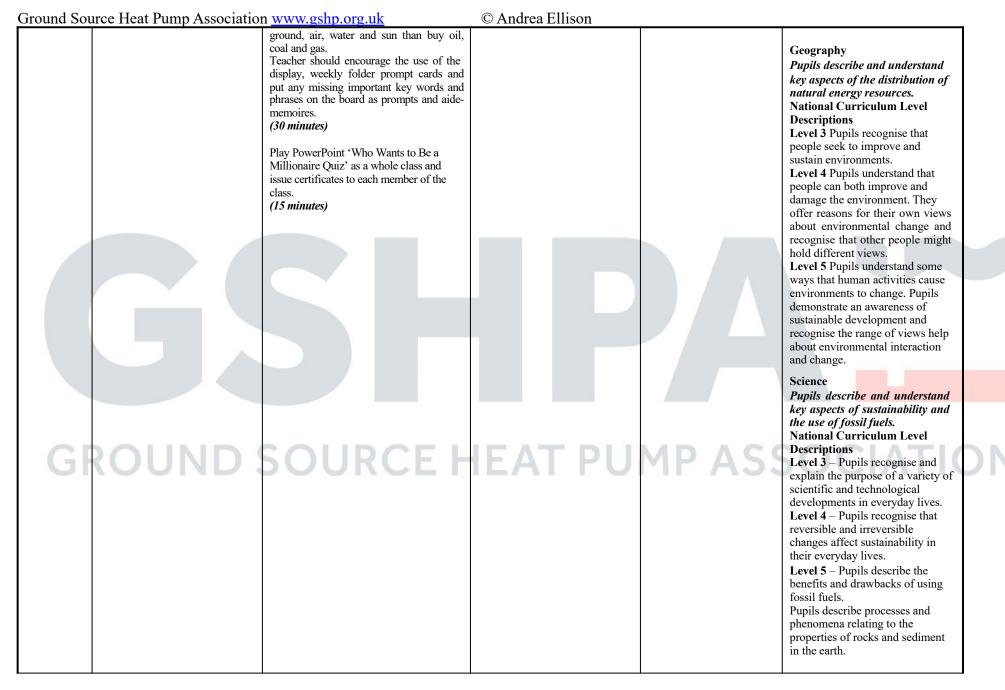
Week / Lesson 5 What are Green Technologies?

	Expected Learning Outcome To develop understanding of:	Method/activity Assume 1 hour per lesson	Suggested Resources See Week 5 Attachment	Differentiation Throughout this module teacher encouragement for pupils to make increasingly independent contributions.	Assessment Opportunities	
Week/ Lesson 5	The benefits of using Renewable Energy Sources when addressing Global warming and Climate change. How we can produce clean energy for use in everyday life. The advantages and disadvantages renewable energy types.	 Recap previous lessons where pupils have examined fossil fuels as non-renewable resources and their effects on the earth and human health. Recap where fossil fuels come from and that this cannot be sustainable. Recap that the climate change and global warming issues have come about due to human activity, particularly over the last 200 years. <i>(10 minutes)</i> Pupils to do Speed Activity found at https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resource/t3-sc-527-renewable-energy-speed-dating plus GSHPA sheet to represent heat pumps- all found in Week 5 folder. Each pupil to complete the sheet of advantages and disadvantages of: Biomass, Geothermal, Heat Pumps, Hydroelectric, Solar, Tidal and Wind Power. Also look at GSHPA Heat Pump Doodly short video on Week 5 attachment. Pupils to record which type of renewable is the one they would be most likely to use to replace a fossil fuel at home, and their reasons why. Could be more than one if pupil can provide a reason for their answers – example a heat pump with solar. <i>(40 minutes)</i> 	https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resource/t 3-sc-527-renewable-energy-speed- dating GSHPA Heat Pump Doodly short video in Week 5 folder. Homework Opportunities Which renewable/s do pupils think would work on their homes and what would they replace – example gas or oil for a heat pump and solar panels?	Core As in method/activity. Support Select a reduced number of energy types. Help with recording information and conclusions. Extension Pupils to consider whether different geographical areas would be more likely to use certain renewables? Example solar in a sunny climate, tidal near the coast etc.	Can pupils provide appropriate and valid reasons for selecting a renewable energy to replace a fossil fuel in their home.	N

Ground Source Heat Pump Association w	/ww.gshp.org.uk	© Andrea Ellison		
Disout	scussions about what pupils have found t and concluded. <i>0 minutes</i>)	Key Words & Phrases Air Source Air Quality Atmosphere Biomass Climate Change Fossil Fuels Geothermal Global Warming Greenhouse Gases Ground Source Heat Pumps Hydroelectric Pollution Solar Tidal Wind Power.	MPASS	Geography Pupils describe and understand key aspects of the distribution of natural energy resources. National Curriculum Level Descriptions Level 3 Pupils recognise that people seek to improve and sustain environments. Level 4 Pupils understand that people can both improve and damage the environment. They offer reasons for their own views about environmental change and recognise that other people might hold different views. Level 5 Pupils understand some ways that human activities cause environments to change. Pupils demonstrate an awareness of sustainable development and recognise the range of views help about environmental interaction and change. Science Pupils describe and understand key aspects of sustainability and the use of fossil fuels. National Curriculum Level Descriptions Level 3 – Pupils recognise and explain the purpose of a variety of scientific and technological developments in everyday lives. Level 4 – Pupils recognise that reversible and irreversible changes affect sustainability in their everyday lives. Level 5 – Pupils describe the benefits and drawbacks of using fossil fuels. Pupils describe processes and phenomena relating to the properties of rocks and sediment in the earth.

Week / Lesson 6 Are Renewable Energies one of the Solutions to Climate Change and Global Warming?

Week/	Expected Learning Outcome To develop understanding of:	Method/activity <i>Assume 1 hour per lesson</i> Recap previous lesson and discuss what	Suggested Resources See Week 5 Attachment NEED GSHPA HEAT PUMP SHEETS	Differentiation Throughout this module teacher encouragement for pupils to make increasingly independent contributions.	Assessment Opportunities	
Lesson 6	The benefits of using Renewable Energy Sources when addressing Global warming and Climate change. Consider the advantages and disadvantages within all energy types. How to gather information to present a point of view.	 pupils decided within their homework. Explain how the government are now having to include renewables in their building programmes. Ask pupils to consider whether they think different geographical areas would be more likely to use certain renewables? Example solar in a sunny climate, tidal near the coast etc. Associate with where pupils live and whether world-wide considerations could made. Would solar work in most places including the Arctic? (Yes as it's sun and not temperature). Would heat pumps work in all areas? (Yes as they need ground, air or water and at least 2 are available everywhere). (15 minutes) Pupils to work individually, in pairs or groups to use their learning of the last 5 lessons to write a letter which can be sent to parents, governors, local education office, national officials & Ministers etc providing an argument for replacing fossil fuels used in heating systems in schools for renewable energy. Pupils need to include why fossil fuels and non-renewable energy should be replaced and include what has happened over the last 200 years in their argument. They must include the advantages of fossil fuels in as many terms as they can to include air quality, greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and health. They could also include that it would be cheaper to use free resources such as the 	Work of past 5 weeks including display Prompt cards in Week 6 Folder plus previous ones in weekly folders. GSHPA or HPF Produced sheet on heat pumps Who wants to be a Millionaire PowerPoint in Week 6 (Certificates in Week 6 folder or teacher can make their own). Homework Opportunities Pupils could make a poster which reflects the content of their letter.	As in method/activity. Support Grouping of pupils. Encouragement to offer answers in Millionaire Quiz. Extension Pupils to include what types of employment opportunities they think working in the renewable industry could bring such as the manufacturers of the equipment, installers of the equipment, the drillers and ground workers for heat pumps etc.	Content of letter. Are pupils able to provide correct answers to the Who wants to be a Millionaire Quiz? Can pupils provide evidence which allows the teacher to level them against the Level Descriptors shown below?	10



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